

# ANW-C66

Synthetic Fischer-Tropsch Wax / Paraffin Waxes and Hydrocarbon Waxes

|                           |                                       |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Trade name                | ANW-C66                               |
| Product family            | Fischer-Tropsch wax                   |
| Chemical name             | Paraffin waxes and hydrocarbon waxes  |
| CAS number                | 8002-74-2                             |
| EC number                 | 232-315-6                             |
| REACH registration number | 01-2119488076-30-0203                 |
| Revision date             | 22 March 2026                         |
| Document status           | Supplier-neutral commercial SDS draft |

**Important completion note:** By request, company name and supplier identity are not displayed in this edition. Before external customer issue, the issuing supplier should complete Section 1.3 and Section 1.4 with the legally responsible supplier details and emergency contact.

## SECTION 1. Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

|                                |  |
|--------------------------------|--|
| 1.1 Product identifier         | ANW-C66  |
| Product description            | Pellet wax; white pellet wax   |
| 1.2 Relevant identified uses   | For industrial and professional use as a wax raw material / processing aid. Typical identified uses for this grade include: Ink; Rubber protective waxes; Board wax for moisture-proof; Dipping wax for corrugated carton; Hot melt adhesives.                             |
| Uses advised against           | Any use other than the identified industrial / professional uses. Direct food, feed, pharmaceutical, medical, or cosmetic market placement is not covered by this document unless separately supported by applicable regulatory, quality, and customer-specific approvals. |
| 1.3 Supplier details           | To be completed by the issuing supplier / distributor before external issue.   |
| 1.4 Emergency telephone number | To be completed with the supplier emergency number and destination-market emergency contact before external issue.   |

## SECTION 2. Hazards identification

| Parameter          | Value  |
|--------------------|--|
| 2.1 Classification | Not classified as hazardous according to available substance-family data under EU CLP / GB CLP criteria.   |
| 2.2 Label elements | No pictogram, signal word, or hazard statement required for the supplied product under normal supply conditions.   |
| 2.3 Other hazards  | Molten product can cause severe thermal burns. Processing at elevated temperature may generate irritating wax fumes. Fine particles generated by grinding or aggressive handling may present a combustible dust hazard. The substance is not considered PBT / vPvB and no endocrine-disrupting properties are known based on available data. |

## SECTION 3. Composition / information on ingredients

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|-----------|--|
| Substance | Paraffin waxes and hydrocarbon waxes (Fischer-Tropsch wax grade) |
|-----------|--|

|                        |   |
|------------------------|---|
| CAS / EC               | 8002-74-2 / 232-315-6   |
| REACH registration     | 01-2119488076-30-0203   |
| Composition            | >= 95 % substance-family wax hydrocarbons; this product is supplied as a substance grade, not as a hazardous mixture. |
| Impurities / additives | No hazardous impurity requiring disclosure is known in this supplier-neutral draft at the time of preparation.        |

## SECTION 4. First-aid measures

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| Eye contact                       | If solid particles enter the eye, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if easy to do. If irritation persists, obtain medical advice. If hot / molten material contacts the eye, cool immediately with clean water and seek urgent medical attention. |
| Skin contact                      | For cold material: wash with soap and water. For molten material: cool immediately with plenty of water. Do not forcibly remove solidified material from the skin. Seek medical attention for burns.   |
| Inhalation                        | Move the affected person to fresh air. If heated fumes cause irritation, keep at rest and obtain medical advice if symptoms persist.   |
| Ingestion                         | Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Get medical advice if unwell or if a large quantity has been swallowed.   |
| Most important symptoms / effects | Thermal burns from hot product; temporary mechanical irritation from dust / particles; possible respiratory irritation from hot-process fumes.   |
| Advice to physician               | Treat symptomatically. Thermal-burn management may be required for contact with molten material.   |

## SECTION 5. Fire-fighting measures

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| Suitable extinguishing media | Foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, or water spray / fog.  |
| Unsuitable media             | Do not use a direct high-pressure water jet on burning molten wax.   |
| Specific hazards             | Product is combustible and will burn if strongly heated, although it is generally not classified as flammable under GHS / CLP family data. Fire may produce carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and irritating hydrocarbon fumes. |
| Advice for firefighters      | Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing. Cool exposed containers with water spray. Prevent fire-fighting runoff from entering drains and waterways.   |

## SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

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|---------------------------|---|
| Personal precautions      | Avoid slips. Avoid dust generation and contact with hot material. Wear suitable gloves and eye protection. Provide ventilation if the product is handled hot.   |
| Environmental precautions | Prevent entry to drains, surface water, and soil where practicable.   |
| Methods for clean-up      | For solid material: sweep or shovel into suitable containers for recovery or disposal. For molten spills: allow to cool and solidify if safe, then collect mechanically. Clean residues with suitable absorbent material. |

## SECTION 7. Handling and storage

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| Safe handling | Avoid unnecessary dust formation and avoid breathing heated fumes. Use good industrial hygiene. Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin contact. Use heat-resistant equipment and PPE when processing molten material. |
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|--------------------------------|---|
| <b>Storage conditions</b>      | Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from ignition sources and strong oxidizing materials. Keep containers closed when not in use. Protect from direct sunlight and contamination.   |
| <b>Molten storage guidance</b> | Where handled in molten form, avoid prolonged overheating. Good practice for this substance family is to keep molten storage temperature under close process control and generally not more than about 20 C above the grade congealing point. |
| <b>Specific end use(s)</b>     | See Section 1.2 and the customer-approved technical data / application specification.   |

## SECTION 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

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| <b>Exposure guideline</b>     | For heated operations generating paraffin wax fume, use applicable workplace exposure guidance. UK EH40 lists paraffin wax fume at TWA 2 mg/m3 and STEL 6 mg/m3.                      |
| <b>Engineering controls</b>   | Use local exhaust ventilation where hot wax fumes, dust, or aerosols may be generated.  |
| <b>Eye protection</b>         | Safety glasses with side shields; face shield for molten operations.  |
| <b>Hand protection</b>        | Protective gloves suitable for the task; heat-resistant gloves for hot material.  |
| <b>Skin / body</b>            | Long-sleeved protective clothing and safety footwear. Use thermal-protective equipment where splash from molten material is possible.   |
| <b>Respiratory protection</b> | Not normally required under ambient conditions. If ventilation is insufficient during hot processing, use suitable respiratory protection selected under a workplace risk assessment. |
| <b>Hygiene measures</b>       | Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using the product. Wash hands after handling.  |

## SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

| Parameter            | Value  |
|----------------------|--|
| Physical state       | Pellet wax   |
| Appearance           | White pellet wax   |
| Colour               | White to off-white / water-white, depending on grade   |
| Odour                | <= 1   |
| Drop melting point   | Not reported for this grade  |
| Congealing point     | 64 - 66 C  |
| Penetration          | <= 18 (100 g, 25 C, 1/10 mm)   |
| Oil content          | <= 0.75 wt%  |
| Colour, Saybolt      | >= 25 Saybolt  |
| Kinematic viscosity  | Report at 100 C  |
| Water solubility     | Insoluble  |
| Relative density     | Not determined for the specific grade in this draft  |
| Flash point          | Typically > 190 C for paraffin / Fischer-Tropsch wax family data; the grade-specific value is not stated in the uploaded product brochure. |
| Flammability         | Combustible solid / wax; not generally classified as flammable under available family data   |
| Explosive properties | Not expected under normal conditions; finely divided dust may form combustible mixtures with air   |
| Oxidizing properties | Not oxidizing  |

|     |                                 |
|-----|---------------------------------|
| VOC | Not applicable / not determined |
|-----|---------------------------------|

## SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

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|---|---|
| <b>Reactivity / stability</b>           | Stable under recommended storage and normal handling conditions.  |
| <b>Conditions to avoid</b>              | Excessive heat, open flame, prolonged overheating, and dust accumulation near ignition sources.               |
| <b>Incompatible materials</b>           | Strong oxidizing agents.  |
| <b>Hazardous decomposition products</b> | Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and irritating hydrocarbon decomposition fumes if strongly heated or burned. |

## SECTION 11. Toxicological information

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| <b>Acute toxicity</b>                  | Based on available substance-family data, low acute toxicity is expected and classification criteria are not met.   |
| <b>Skin corrosion / irritation</b>     | Not expected to be corrosive. Cold material is generally of low irritation concern; hot material causes thermal burns.  |
| <b>Serious eye damage / irritation</b> | Not expected to cause serious eye damage from the solid product; dust may cause mechanical irritation. Hot material can cause severe eye injury / burns.  |
| <b>Sensitisation</b>                   | No evidence of skin or respiratory sensitisation is known from available family data.   |
| <b>CMR / STOT / aspiration</b>         | No evidence supporting classification for germ cell mutagenicity, carcinogenicity, reproductive toxicity, STOT single / repeated exposure, or aspiration hazard based on available family data. |
| <b>Likely routes of exposure</b>       | Skin / eye contact, inhalation of dust or hot-process fumes, and ingestion.   |

## SECTION 12. Ecological information

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| <b>Ecotoxicity</b>                       | Not classified for environmental hazards on available family data.   |
| <b>Persistence / degradability</b>       | Major constituents are expected to be inherently biodegradable based on substance-family information.      |
| <b>Bioaccumulation</b>                   | No product-specific value available in this draft. Avoid release to the environment.                       |
| <b>Mobility in soil</b>                  | Poorly soluble in water. Solidified product is expected to adsorb to soil particles and have low mobility. |
| <b>PBT / vPvB / endocrine disruption</b> | Not considered PBT or vPvB; no known endocrine-disrupting properties identified from available data.       |
| <b>Other adverse effects</b>             | Avoid uncontrolled discharge to drains, sewers, soil, or surface water.                                    |

## SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

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| <b>Waste treatment methods</b> | Recover or recycle where practical. Dispose of product, contaminated absorbent, and packaging in accordance with local / national regulations via an authorised waste contractor. |
| <b>Packaging</b>               | Completely emptied packaging may be recycled or disposed of in accordance with local requirements.  |

## SECTION 14. Transport information

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| <b>ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA</b>          | Not regulated as dangerous goods for transport in supplied form. |
| <b>UN number / proper shipping name</b> | Not applicable   |

|                              |   |
|------------------------------|---|
| <b>Environmental hazards</b> | Not assigned as a marine pollutant in this draft.   |
| <b>Special precautions</b>   | Protect from excessive heat during transport. For molten transport, maintain temperature under controlled operating procedures. |

## SECTION 15. Regulatory information

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Framework used</b>                     | Prepared in a REACH Annex II / UK REACH SDS style for industrial supply-chain communication.  |
| <b>CLP / GB CLP status</b>                | Based on available family data, this product grade is not classified as hazardous under EU CLP / GB CLP criteria.   |
| <b>REACH / UK REACH note</b>              | The issuing supplier remains responsible for final market-specific legal compliance, language, poison-centre / emergency details, and any customer- or sector-specific annexes. |
| <b>Authorisation / restriction status</b> | No Annex XIV authorisation listing or SVHC candidate-list status is identified for the wax substance family in the reference SDS consulted.                                     |

## SECTION 16. Other information

|                       |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| <b>Revision</b>       | Version 1.0   |
| <b>Prepared date</b>  | 22 March 2026   |
| <b>Abbreviations</b>  | ADR, IMDG, IATA, PBT, vPvB, CLP, GB CLP, REACH, STEL, TWA, PPE, VOC.  |
| <b>Document basis</b> | Basis used in preparing this draft includes the uploaded grade brochure and REACH certificate, the uploaded third-party SDS for structural formatting reference, public UK HSE and REACH legal guidance, public major-company paraffin / Fischer-Tropsch wax safety information, and public supplier SDS examples for CAS 8002-74-2. This document is intended as a high-standard commercial draft for wax grades within the same substance family and is not a certificate of analysis or a contractual product specification. |
| <b>Disclaimer</b>     | The information is believed to be accurate for safe handling, storage, transport, and disposal of the identified product family at the revision date. It does not replace user-specific risk assessment, sector-specific regulatory review, or product specification approval.  |